

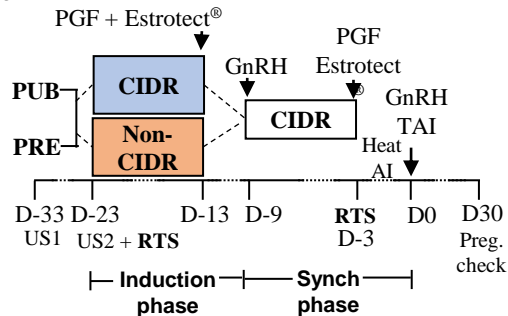


**Introduction**

- Puberty attainment is critical for heifer fertility and it is delayed in *Bos indicus*-influenced heifers;  
 - Puberty induction through progesterone (P4) supplementation can favor pregnancy success to estrus synchronization protocols;  
 - However, use of an induction protocol may not be required when synchronization protocol is based on P4  
**Aim:** To investigate the requirement of induction protocol on puberty attainment and pregnancy/AI (P/AI) in beef heifers.

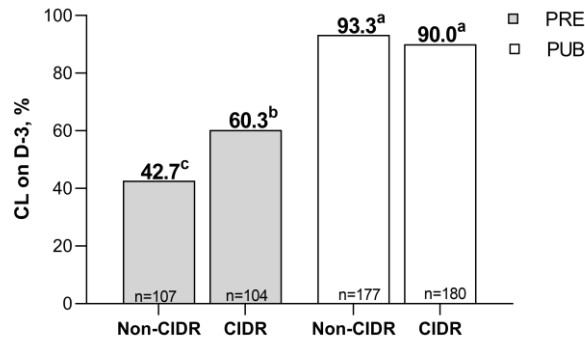
**Material and Methods**

- Yearling, Brahman-influenced heifers were classified as pubertal (**PUB**; n=363) or prepubertal (**PRE**; n=214) and submitted to induction (**CIDR**) or not (**Non-CIDR**) before an estrus synchronization (Synch) program.



**Fig. 1.** Experimental design

**Results**

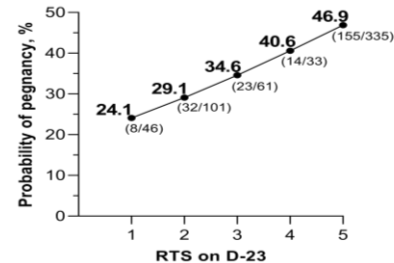


**Fig.2.** Induction increased proportion of PRE heifers that attained puberty, based on ovulation to the Synch. protocol, but PUB heifers were not affected (pubertal status x treatment effect: P= 0.02).

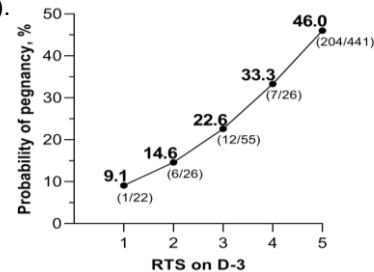
**Table 1.** Induction neither increased proportion of PRE heifers showing estrus by TAI, nor P/AI. PUB heifers had the greatest estrus response and P/AI (pubertal status effect: P < 0.01).

Variable	PRE		PUB	
	Non-CIDR (n= 109)	CIDR (n=105)	Non-CIDR (179)	CIDR (n= 184)
<b>Estrus by TAI, %</b>	41.4	43.9	73.9	67.0
<b>P/AI, %</b>	29.2	30.4	50.7	42.2

**Results**



**Fig. 3.** Pregnancy to AI is associated positively (P<0.01) with RTS measured prior to induction (D-23).



**Fig. 4.** Pregnancy to AI is associated positively (P<0.01) with RTS measured after synch (D-3).

**Conclusion**

Induction protocol hastened puberty attainment but failed to increase pregnancy to AI of prepubertal *Bos indicus*-influenced heifers submitted to an estrus synchronization protocol based on P4.

**Acknowledgments**