Impact of COVID-19 on UK Foundation Doctors: Education and Safety

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BACKGROUND:

Transmission of a novel coronavirus (SARS-COV2) from China has caused a global pandemic, resulting in an unprecedented burden on healthcare systems worldwide Transmission to the UK was confirmed on 31st January 2020,^{5, 6} with the first death on 5th March 2020. With rising incidence, prevalence, and mortality rates, appropriate training and support is paramount in safeguarding the wellbeing of frontline NHS staff and patients.

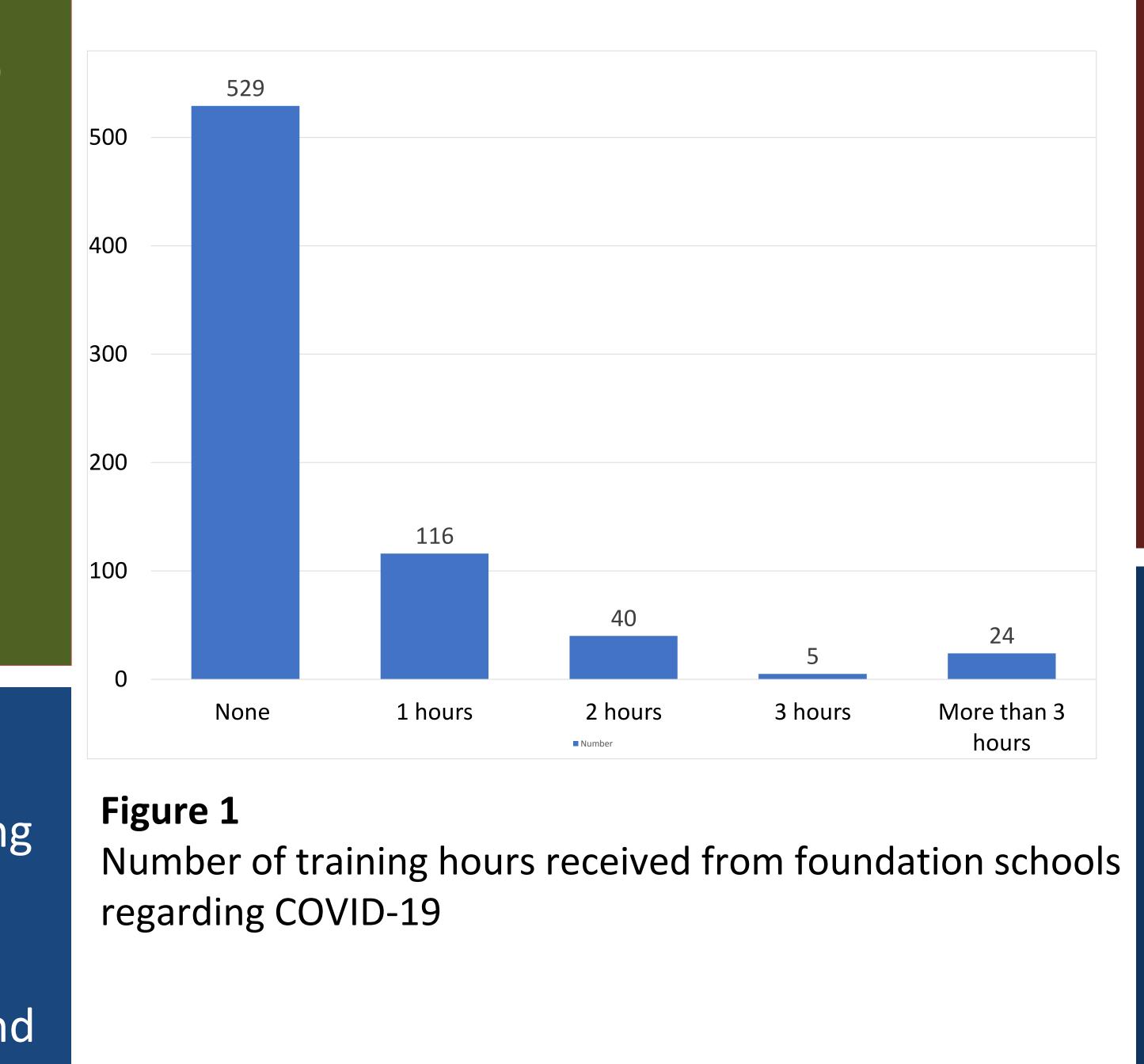
METHODS:

The cross-sectional survey was designed online using the website SurveyMonkey[©]. It was distributed to Foundation Doctors across the 18 UK Foundation Schools. The survey opened on 15th March 2020 and closed on 23rd March 2020.

CONCLUSIONS:

The absence of standardised formal training on COVID-19 for Foundation doctors is remediable through the design and implementation of an urgent national training programme. Training must address: diagnosis and management of COVID-19; safe and effective PPE use; mandatory fit testing; and in the event of failed fit tests, provisi suitable alternatives with appropriate training. Trusts should actively screen for vulnerable doctors and provide additional support and guidance, which may take the for enhanced PPE training; redeployment to lower risk clinical areas; advice on the impact on Foundation training progression. Greater effort support, educate, and protect trainees will strengthen the NHS and safeguard its patients in the face of this unprecedented challenge.

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RESULTS:

714 doctors answered with 55% of respondents Foundation Year 2 (FY2), 42.7% in Foundation Y (FY1), and 2.3% above FY2 level. Data was colled from all 18 UK Foundation Schools. Mean confid was 84% in diagnosing COVID-19, and 56% in managing it. 75% did not receive formal training the requisite safety precautions for suspected C 19 cases.

DISCUSSION:

This survey gathered responses over a one-wee period, thereby minimising data heterogeneity, may have resulted from changes in training prov as Trusts responded to the evolving circumstand Similar responses in all domains of the survey f inception to closure evidence this, enabling ana of responses collectively.

	Demographics	Number of respondents (%)
s in Year 1 ected idence	Department Emergency Medicine	56 (10.11)
	Acute Medicine	53 (9.57)
	Cardiology Respiratory	16 (2.89) 26 (4.69)
	Gastroenterology	13 (2.35)
	Elderly Care/ Geriatrics	48 (8.66)
	Rheumatology	3 (0.54)
ek , which ovision ces. From its alysis	Oncology	8 (1.44)
	Palliative Care	3 (0.54)
	Intensive Care Medicine	18 (3.25)
	General Surgery	99 (17.87)
	Orthopaedic Surgery	23 (4.15)
	Obstetrics and Gynaecology	22 (3.97)
	Ophthalmology	3 (0.54)
	Dermatology	1 (0.18)
	General Practice	32 (5.78)
sion of	Nephrology	12 (2.17)
rm of t to	Other	118 (21.30)
	Figure 2 Demographics of respondents showing specialties of respondents	

of respondents