ASSESSMENT OF RECOMBINANT ZOSTER VACCINE SECOND-DOSE COMPLETION IN THE UNITED STATES

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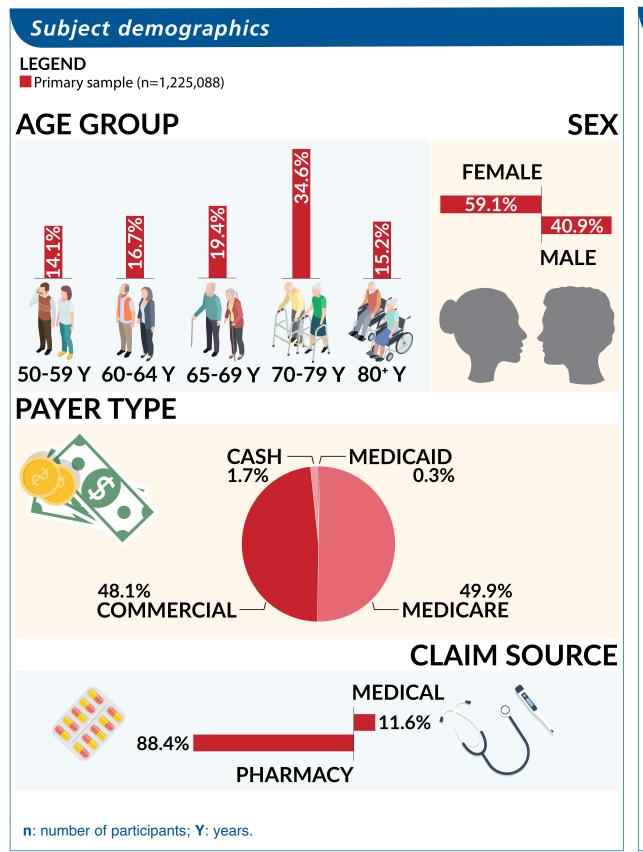
OBJECTIVES

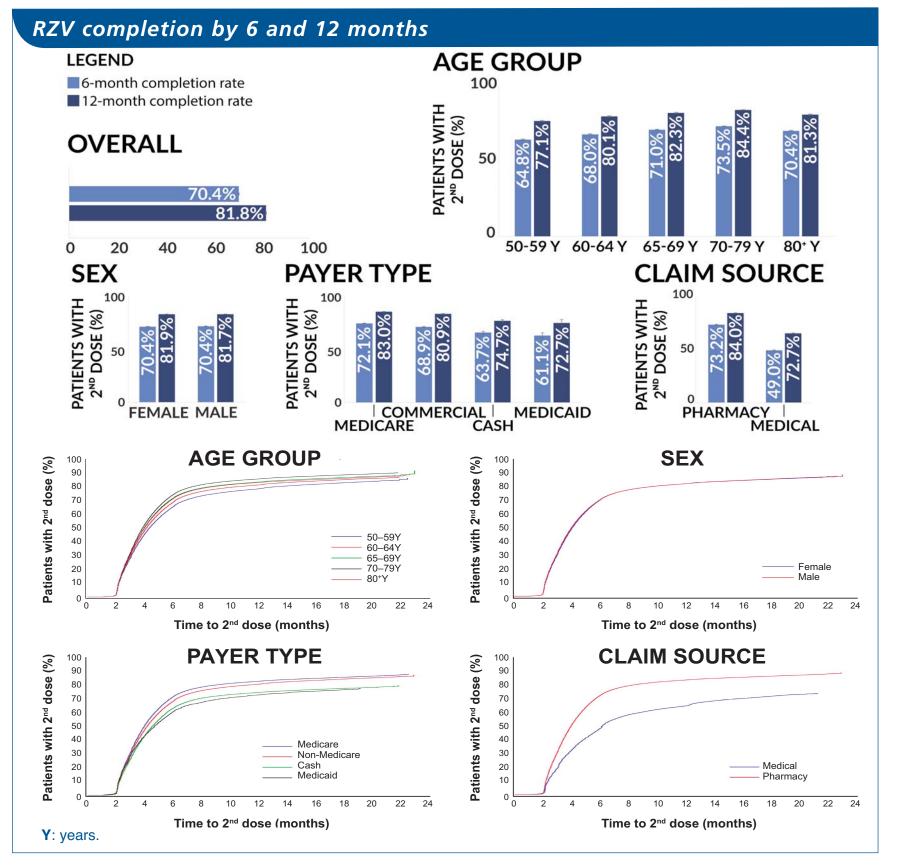
- Recombinant Zoster Vaccine (RZV) was licensed in the United States (US) in October 2017 for the prevention of herpes zoster in adults ≥50 years of age (YOA).¹
- The vaccine is administered in a twodose series with the 2nd dose recommended between 2-6 months after initial dose.¹
- → This study describes 2nd dose completion of RZV in the US within 6 and 12 months of initial dose.

METHODS

- Primary analysis was conducted on a cohort ≥50 YOA who received an initial RZV dose between October 2017 and September 2018 and had ≥1 year observation post initial dose.
- → All eligible subjects regardless of the observable time were described in a sensitivity analysis.
- Monthly, 6-month cumulative and 12month cumulative, 2nd dose completion with stratifications by age, sex, claim source and payer type was described.

RESULTS





CONCLUSIONS

- vaccination suggests high levels of completion across age, sex, payer type and claim sources by Month 6 post initial dose increasing further by Month 12. Sensitivity analyses were consistent with primary sample analyses.
- Significantly less completion was found in Medicaid patients and settings where vaccination claims are processed outside of the vaccine recipient's pharmacy benefit.



Completion of the RZV series was shown to be 70% at 6 months and 82% at 12 months after initial dose.

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