

# Symptomatically Severe Secondary Fibromyalgia, Tertiary Fibromyalgia, Therapeutic Clinical Resistance & PTSD

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## POSTER #23 - ABSTRACT #54

**Purpose:** I found a symptomatically severe form of secondary fibromyalgia (SF) to be present in all patients referred to me with musculoskeletal pain who also had “post traumatic stress disorder”, **PTSD**

-SF and PTSD, the primary disease, share certain clinical features:

- 1) sleep disturbance
- 2) musculoskeletal pain
- 3) mood disturbance (anxiety/ depression).

My findings support that SF can act so as to aggravate or prolong the PTSD.

Thus resulting in:

### “Therapeutic Clinical Resistance”

Conventional fibromyalgia medications tended not to be effective (ie. an NSAID plus a tricyclic or an FDA approved drug). SF can respond to a combination of tramadol, tizanidine, tapentadol and modafinil. (1)

-At each visit, continue to assess for **ulterior sources of pain.**

-At each visit discuss whether or not additional **stressors physical or emotional, old or new** have arisen.

-Offer appropriate treatment suggestions that facilitate their resolution.

**Sustained collaboration with a psychiatrist is a must!**

I established all the patients **fibromyalgia diagnosis’ - consistent with 1990 ACR fibromyalgia diagnostic criteria.**

As a rheumatology fellow, I participated in the 1990 ACR Northeast Fibromyalgia Diagnostic Criteria Committee proceedings and was chosen as 1 of 8 physicians to teach the fibrositic tenderpoint exam . (3)

\*As these 40 patients experienced a **near total reduction in their tender point pain, their ability to sleep improved, +/- 6 hours/ night without awakenings and feeling less fatigue**

\*They became better able to:  
- **memorize & concentrate**  
- **accomplish mental/ physical tasks**  
- expressed **less sadness/anxiety.**

\*Subsequently they were able to improve on numerous personal issues:  
- **impaired personal relationships**  
- **holding a job**  
- **return to some form of educational activity**

\* **None of this reportedly was possible prior to my treatment.**

\* **Notably, there were no suicides.** Only 1 patient claimed no benefit. (5)

SF tends not to respond to traditional fibrositic therapy - it can **aggravate and prolong the PTSD.** SF can respond to the 4 medications I described.

I would **therefore suggest that it would be of significant clinical benefit if SF associated with PTSD was designated with a separate identity, such that an improved diagnostic awareness would indicate the need for more effective therapy resulting in a better outcome for the PTSD.**

I would therefore submit **“Tertiary Fibromyalgia” (TF)** as the name for the recalcitrant form of SF associated with PTSD.

\***My preliminary clinical observations suggest that TF can be seen with primary diseases other than PTSD.**

**Is TF a pathological physiologic process that is inherently fundamental to the human body?** (7)

2) Figueroa J, Kobus B. Tizanidine and Tender Point Pain.

J Musculoskeletal Pain – Myopain 2007 -Washington D.C. Supp#13, 2007. 15:46

3) Figueroa J. Evaluate the Appropriateness of Multi-drug Combination Therapy in the Treatment of Fibromyalgia – presented at the Inter-national MYOPAIN Society – MYOPAIN 2010 in Toledo Spain, October 3-7, 2010, J Musculoskeletal Pain-accepted for publication

4) Figueroa J. Physician Focus: Explaining Fibromyalgia, Bulletin of Mass Medical Society July 14, 2011.

\*This became the most popular article ever written for the Bulletin (>100vrs. old), > 12 million links on Google

Correctly recognizing SF and not casually disregarding it is critical - it allows for more effective psychiatric treatment and permits an improved outcome for the PTSD. My treatment method seeks to modulate tenderpoint pain in such a way that restorative sleep is augmented.

### Methods:

- Initially do screening bloodwork for fibromyalgia per abstract.
- Search for sources of chronic ongoing pain that would corrupt sleep (abstract).

-My treatment method evolved over a decade and a half with national and international presentations/publications, including the NIH. Dosing schedules are described in my 2015 & 2017 Painweek abstracts: URL: <https://www.tandfonline.com/loi/ipgm20> and PAINWeek 2020 abstract #54. (2)

In the years that followed, I taught hundreds of physicians and medical students how to do a fibrositic tender point exam and establish a diagnosis of fibromyalgia.

I provided all patient follow up visits.

PTSD was diagnostically established by independent, community psychiatric services - at that time DSM -IV diagnostic criteria was used.

### Results:

\* **In 40 out of 41(97.5%) consecutive patients there was observed a gradual symptomatic improvement in the SF over several weeks.**  
\*Subsequently there followed a global, symptomatic improvement in the features of the PTSD. (4)

### Conclusions:

\* **Currently there appears to be no appreciation of the clinical concept of SF nor that of its resulting associated “therapeutic clinical resistance”.**  
\***An accurate diagnosis and precise treatment of SF lends to an improved likelihood for the successful psychiatric treatment of PTSD.**

This awareness can enable a single properly trained physician, working with a single community psychiatrist, the possibility to render effective therapy for an otherwise therapeutically resistant PTSD patient.

**A lack of appreciation of the proper diagnosis/treatment of SF can result in the prolongation of the PTSD for years/decades.**

\* **In this series SF tends to be a constant feature of PTSD.** (6)

### Bibliography:

1)Figueroa J,Kobus B Fibromyalgia as a clinical indicator of restorative sleep in the treatment of PTSD, anxiety and depression. (\*This abstract was rejected for publication for 2 years before it was accepted for publication.). J Musculoskeletal Pain – Myopain '04 -Munich, Germany-Supp #9, 2004. 12:51

1<sup>st</sup> “Encore Presentation” with permission - Fibromyalgia Workshop: The Next Advances (Washington, D.C.) – NIH, Nov 2004: 108

2<sup>nd</sup> “Encore Presentation” with permission – symposium Fibromyalgia and Sleep Disorders -Portland, Oregon, Oct 2-4,2008, abstract #5 pg 17

### Sympathy Card-Therapy Impact is Profound

Dear Dr. Figueroa  
I am truly going to miss you as my (doctor) and my friend. It took me 20 years to find a doctor like you and I am so grateful for the great care I received from you. The respect and kindness you showed toward me from my first appt. allowed me to trust you, something I can't do with people. Your special care led me to a psychiatrist who complimented your care and has helped me open closed doors of 40 yrs of emotional pain I stuffed inside of me.  
I've been so pleased to have found a doctor that not only was willing to treat my physical pain but showed me I had to treat my PTSD pain too, to be able to live to a better life. When you & I talked about "Good and Evil" I had also seen and experienced both. I know when I was ready to give up, I found you, and that was good! Then you led me to find [redacted] and that was good. It was able to be part of my youngest son's wedding and that was good. I believe that so good and led me to your book that has changed my life and I am so thankful and grateful for you. I also